

On the Development Trend of the Objects of Political Economics from the Perspective of Marxist-Leninist Political Economics

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Abstract: Marxist political economy is an important cause and theoretical thought of Marxism-Leninism. Criticism of Marxist-Leninist political economy has always been the focus of Marxist-Leninist research and discussion, and it is also the key factor to guide the further generation, development and improvement of Marxist-Leninist political economy. This paper will make a scientific and reasonable evaluation of Marxist-Leninist political economy, and further improve the theoretical level of Marxist-Leninist political economy based on in-depth and reasonable analysis. At the same time, based on the summary and analysis of the theory of political economy of Marxism and Leninism, this paper will discuss its future development direction, and draw the overall political economy thought of human beings. The innovation of this paper is that all the analysis and development direction of Marxist-Leninist political economy theory are based on authoritative modern scientific methods and follow strict logical sequence.

1. Introduction

Marxist-Leninist politics mainly refers to the political economy founded by Engels and finally formed. Its contents include the general political economy under the general social and economic law and the narrow political economy specializing in the operation of capitalist economy [1-2]. Its main characteristics are that it is necessary to closely link the relationship between productivity and superstructure and its corresponding historical development fate when studying the economic operation law. Marxist-Leninist political economy mainly holds that the motive force of social and economic transformation comes from the polarization formed by the contradiction between daily production and increasingly limited social needs [4-5]. But there are some social drawbacks in the classical political economy of Marxism-Leninism, such as the serious disconnection between the theory and practice of political economy of Marxism-Leninism and the serious disconnection between political economy of Marxism-Leninism and Marxist philosophy [6-7].

Marxist-Leninist political economy plays a very important role in the development of human history. A large number of philosophers and thinkers have conducted in-depth research and Analysis on Marxist-Leninist political economy. Mandel[8] has systematically studied and analyzed the political economy of Marxism-Leninism. His main focus is on the social practice of Marxism-Leninism. He insists on exploring the future of political economy of Marxism-Leninism from the perspective of economic feasibility and the power of workers. Pearson et al.[9-10] proposed that the significance and future of Marxist-Leninist political economy should be reinterpreted from the perspective of capitalist market. Based on this, he proposed that social democracy and ecological democracy should be further strengthened and reasonable and sTable social ownership should be established on the basis of strengthening state regulation and control. Lukacs, Haberma and others[11-15]have proposed that the political economy of Marxism-Leninism is an important means and guarantee of human liberation, freedom and democratic equality.

In order to further explore the connotation of Marxist-Leninist political economy and guide its further development. This paper will make a scientific and reasonable evaluation of Marxist-Leninist political economy, and further improve the theoretical level of Marxist-Leninist political economy based on in-depth and reasonable analysis. At the same time, based on the summary and analysis of the theory of political economy of Marxism and Leninism, this paper will

discuss its future development direction, and draw the overall political economy thought of human beings. The innovation of this paper is that all the analysis and development direction of Marxist-Leninist political economy theory are based on authoritative modern scientific methods and follow strict logical sequence.

The structure of this paper is arranged as follows: Section II of this paper will critically analyze the thought of Marxist-Leninist political economy, mainly from the four aspects of practice, history, connotation and the whole. At the same time, it will deeply reflect and summarize Marxist-Leninist political economy; Section III of this paper will put forward Marxist-Leninist political economy based on the analysis of Section II. The fourth section of this paper will discuss and propose the role of Marxist-Leninist political economy in the process of socialism and summarize the above discussion and analysis.

2. Critical Analysis of Marxist-Leninist Political Economy

The critique of Marxist political economy exists in various classical documents written by its peers or descendants. Its corresponding documents, such as On Nationalization of Land, Speech on Free Trade and On Housing Issues, are detailed as shown in Table 1.

Table 1: Critical Perspectives in Marxist-Leninist Political Economics

Text Basis	Major Critics
Criticism of Hegel's Philosophy	Hegel, History, Politics, Theory and Practice
Outline of Criticism of National Economy	Liszt, David Ricardo, Yo Watts
Communist Manifesto	Reactionary socialism, conservative or bourgeois socialism, critical utopian socialism
Crisis and Counter-Revolution	German bourgeoisie
German Peasant War	Historian
Wages, Prices and Profits	Bourgeois political economy
On Land Nationalization	Advocates of Land Privatization

Based on the above theory and following the principle of combining theory with practice, this paper makes a critical discussion on Marxist-Leninist political economy. The critical method adopted in this paper is the “political-economic” critical method. Its main critical contents are as follows:

2.1 Confirming the essence of capitalist society and exploring the future direction of political economy of Marxism-Leninism

The political economy of Marxism-Leninism runs through the whole Marxist thought. Its main purpose is to solve the social and social problems in real time. In the whole Marxist-Leninist political economy, Marx always put social problems into the context of social history for analysis and discussion, and in the process of uncovering the capitalist political economy, he showed the essence of capitalist property ownership. Finally, on the basis of historical reflection on the law of human social development and destiny, Marx pointed out the way of human social development. Throughout the criticism process of Marxist-Leninist political economy, Marx always expressed his concern and thinking about the future. He pointed out critically that although capitalism has many

problems, it has a driving effect on human history. It promotes the development of economic globalization and urbanization. At the same time, its mode of production has been further changed and beaten. The mode of production of feudal clan relations was attacked. In his analysis of alienated labor, Marx pointed out that the future direction of human development is communism. Communism is the complete abandonment of alienated state, the real possession of human nature, and conforms to the purposes and needs of human development.

2.2 Reflect on the predicament of human existence and construct an ideal living environment

In the critique of Marxist-Leninist political economy, Marx is good at using a series of economic categories and philosophical theories to elaborate related issues. The theory of Marxist-Leninist political economy aims at uncovering the phenomena behind society and social relations. We are trying to find a way out of poverty. Therefore, on this basis, the criticism of Marx's political economy theory is to some extent a criticism of the way of human existence. Faced with the essence of human society and the predicament of people's existence in capitalist society, Marx's critical thinking shows his worries about the present situation of human beings and his expectations for the future of human beings. In this respect, Marx-Lenin's political economy clearly points out the ideal state of human existence: 1. to realize the harmonious coexistence of human and nature on the basis of respecting the law of nature; 2. to respect the inexorable law of social development, purify the social environment for human existence and construct a suitable social environment for living; 3. to respect the law of human spiritual civilization development and actively and steadily promote socialism.

2.3 Criticize bourgeois ideology and actively establish a scientific and rational world outlook

Marxist-Leninist political economy points out the materialized status quo of capitalism in a broad and real way, and actively explores the feasibility of eliminating fetishism in capitalism. Marxist-Leninist political economy clearly points out that capitalism is the representative of overall materialization and that capitalism is also a motive system of alienation. Marxist-Leninist political economy summarizes capitalism as an unconscious subject. In the political economy of Marxism-Leninism, the bourgeois ideology is strongly refuted, and its rational world outlook is comprehensively grasped and the revolutionary practice is effectively guided and analyzed.

In carrying out the above critical analysis, the analysis method used in this paper is shown in the flowchart of Fig. 1 below.

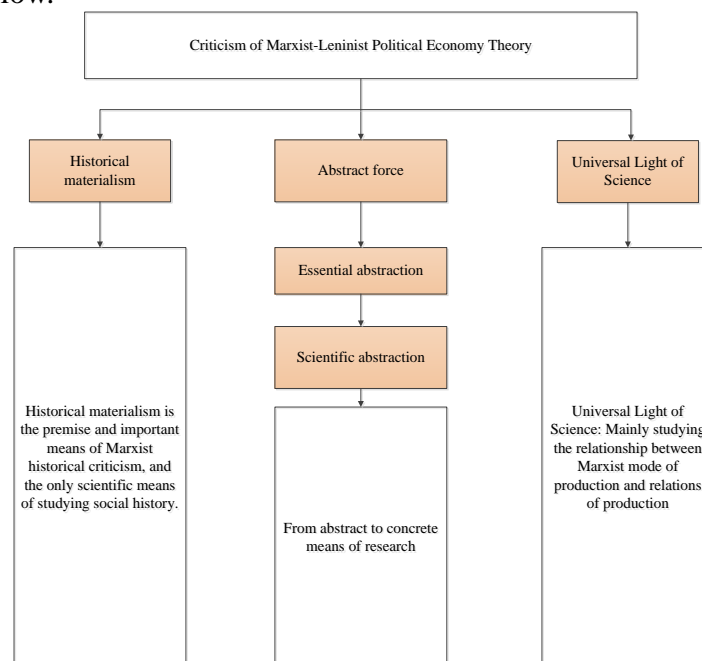


Figure 1 The method and process of critical analysis of Marxist-Leninist political economy in this paper

3. The Way to Develop the Objects of Marxist-Leninist Political Economy

Based on the critical discussion of Marxist-Leninist political economy in Section III, we can see that Marxist-Leninist political economy has been constantly changing and developing, constantly being revised and challenged since its birth. But practical analysis shows that the greatest challenge and difficulty of Marxist-Leninist political economy lies in the difficulties it encounters in reality or practice, in its judgment, guidance and practical development ability in practice. At present, the study of Marxist-Leninist political economy mainly focuses on capitalism and socialism. Among them, the study of capitalism is a basic one. The key research point is how to look at the development and change of capitalism and the way of its transition to socialism. Based on this, we can see that Marxist-Leninist political economy is a scientific theory, and practice is the only criterion to test Marxist political economy theory.

Based on the above discussion, in order to facilitate the introduction of the overall human political and economic thought proposed in this paper, this paper summarizes the following five specific starting points as shown in Figure 2. The corresponding main directions are: to think about Marxist theory from the perspective of the complete theoretical system of Marxism, history and social practice, and to think about Marx-Lenin from the perspective of the development of human civilization. Political economics of doctrine and persistence in human-centered view of economic issues.

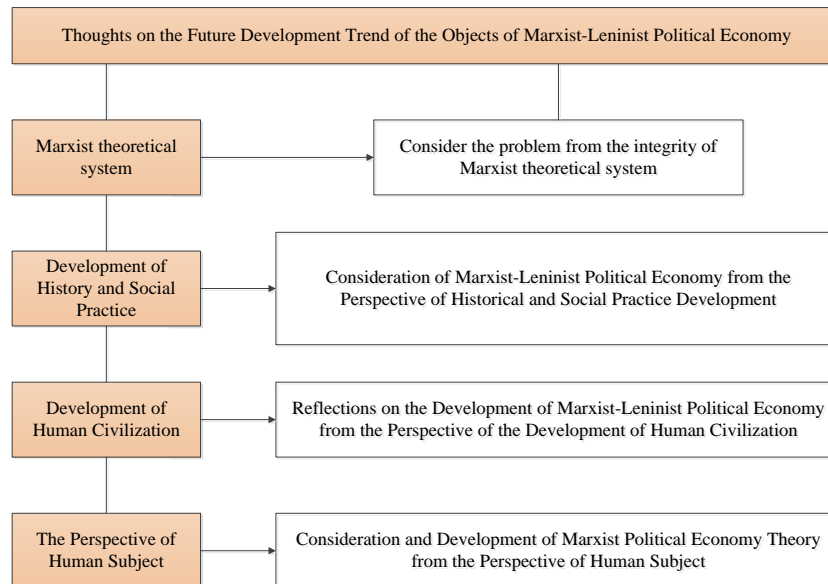


Figure 2: Five levels of discussion on the development trend of the object of Marxist-Leninist political economy

Based on the above five levels of discussion and analysis, this paper puts forward the overall political and economic thought of human beings, which is mainly about the individual initiative formed by individual initiative, initiative center formed by the basic role of market economy and mixed ownership. The idea of political and economic development put forward in this paper is mainly through the organization of social strata, through the promotion of extensive consultation and pluralistic democratic participation in the field of political, economic, social and cultural, so as to form the mutual restriction or balance of the interests pattern of all social strata, thus forming a cohesive consensus at the national level. This paper holds that the ultimate trend of Marx's political economy is socialism, productive forces and production relations, and the relationship between economic foundation and superstructure is a benign interaction. At the same time, there are corresponding restrictive relations between them, so as to realize the trend of comprehensive and balanced development. This paper holds that only such a political and economic thought can realize the true respect for human beings, realize the all-round development and progress of human beings, and form a rational development of human civilization in the future.

4. Conclusion

This article mainly carries on the critical thinking and discussion to the Marxist-Leninist political economy, and discusses and analyses the obvious disconnection of the current classical Marxist-Leninist political economy from the human subject. In order to further develop the thought of Marxist-Leninist political economy, further point out the basic characteristics and development trend of classical Marxist political economy, and reveal the problems existing in the development process of classical Marxist political economy, this paper makes a scientific and reasonable evaluation of Marxist-Leninist political economy, and proceeds on the basis of in-depth and reasonable analysis. To further improve the theoretical level of Marxist-Leninist political economy. At the same time, based on the summary and analysis of the theory of political economy of Marxism and Leninism, this paper will discuss its future development direction, and draw the overall political economy thought of human beings. The innovation of this paper is that all the analysis and development direction of Marxist-Leninist political economy theory are based on authoritative modern scientific methods and follow strict logical sequence. Finally, it comes to the conclusion that the political economy of Marxism-Leninism is developing continuously with the times. The overall political economy of mankind conforms to the development trend of the political economy of contemporary Marxism-Leninism, which is conducive to the real balanced development of mankind and makes everyone respect and value.

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